

Hazard Communication Program

Revised: February 2025 Date: January 4, 2018

1.0	PROGRAM REVIEW AND CERTIFICATION	nage 1
2.0	PURPOSE	. page 1 1
3.0	APPLICATION	
4.0	DEFINITIONS.	
5.0	NEW HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES - HAZARD DETERMINATION	4
6.0	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE INVENTORY	4
7.0	SAFETY DATA SHEETS (SDS)	4
8.0	SAFETY DATA SHEETS (SDS) LABELS and OTHER FORMS OF WARNING	5
9.0	NON-ROUTINE TASKS	
10.0	CONTRACTORS	7
11.0	RESPONSIBILITIES	8
12.0	EMPLOYEE INFORMATION and TRAINING	9
13.0	EMPLOYEE RIGHTS	10
14.0	RECORD KEEPING	1
TACH	MENTS	
Α	PROGRAM REVIEW AND CERTIFICATION LOG	1
В	SDS PROCUREMENT & TRACKING PROCEDURE	1
C	EMPLOYEE SDS REQUEST FORM	1
D	VENDOR SDS REQUEST FORM	
E	CONTRACTOR HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE SDS REQUEST FORM	
F	HAZARD COMM. STANDARD PICTOGRAM - OSHA QUICK CARD	1
G	HAZARD COMM. STANDARD LABELS - OSHA QUICK CARD	1
Н	DIAGRAM OF CHEMICALS ON SITE	在在1000年代的表面 更

I certify the Hazard Communication Policy for the Leucadia Wastewater District (LWD) has been reviewed and revised as necessary.

General Manager

Date Certified

1.0 PROGRAM REVIEW AND CERTIFICATION

The Hazard Communication Program at the LWD will be reviewed and revised as necessary to ensure the program is current. All revisions are documented on Attachment A – Program Review and Certification Log.

2.0 PURPOSE

This procedure outlines employer, employee and contractor Hazard Communication *Right-To-Know* information and responsibilities with respect to workplace hazardous substances including an awareness of harmful physical, chemical, and biological (toxic) health effects; adequate personal protective measures, and emergency actions in accordance with California Code of Regulations, Title 8 (8 CCR), Section 5194 and OSHA 1910.1200.

3.0 APPLICATION

Any employee, including contractor employees, who are exposed to hazardous substances in the workplace have the right to be informed of the hazards and risks associated with those hazardous substances. This includes the use of chemical products, and using equipment and performing work tasks associated with hazardous substances. Therefore, the hazardous communication requirements apply to all employees and contractor employees who may be working with, or otherwise exposed to, hazardous substances used or stored by LWD.

4.0 DEFINITIONS

Chemical - means any substance, or mixture of substances.

Classification -means evaluating the safety data information of a chemical to identify its hazards and categorizing it based on the level of risk it poses to a person's health and safety. To assist in this process, see attachment F, OSHA's Quick Card as a reference guide to help classify hazardous materials accurately.

Common Name – means any designation or identification such as code name, code number, trade name, brand name or generic name used to identify a chemical other than **by its chemical name**.

Container – means any bag, barrel, bottle, box, can, cylinder, drum, reaction vessel, storage tank, or the like that contains a hazardous chemical. For purposes of this section, pipes or piping systems, and engine fuel tanks or other operating systems in a vehicle are not considered to be containers.

Consumer Use Product - A substance that meets the following criteria and therefore is considered a consumer product and not covered under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard:

- Defined as such under the Consumer Products Safety Act;
- Used in the workplace as intended by the manufacturer, and
- Used with the same frequency and duration of exposure expected of a typical consumer.

Reference: OSHA Directive CPL 2-2.38D – Inspection Procedures for the Hazard Communication Standard; Appendix A (b)(6)

Exposure (Exposed) – Exposure or exposed means that an employee is **subjected** (in the course of employment) to a chemical that is a physical or health hazard and includes potential (e.g. accidental or possible) exposure. **Subjected** in terms of health hazards includes any route of entry (e.g. inhalation, ingestion, skin contact or absorption).

Foreseeable Emergency – means any potential occurrence such as, but not limited to, equipment failure, rupture of containers, or failure of control equipment which could result in an uncontrolled release of a hazardous chemical into the workplace.

GHS – Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals which provides a common and coherent approach to classifying chemicals and communicating hazard information on labels and safety data sheets.

Hazard Category – means the division of criteria within each hazard class, e.g., oral acute toxicity and flammable liquids include four hazard categories. These categories compare hazard severity within a hazard class and should not be taken as a comparison of hazard categories more generally.

Hazard Class – means the nature of the physical or health hazards, e.g., flammable solid, carcinogen, oral acute toxicity.

Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) – means an adverse physical or health effect identified through evaluation of scientific evidence during the classification process that does not meet the specified criteria for

Leucadia Wastewater District Hazard Communication Program

Revised: February 2025

the physical and health hazard classes addressed in this section. This does not extend coverage to adverse physical and health effects for which there is a hazard class addressed in this section, but the effect either falls below the cut-off value/concentration limit of the hazard class or is under a GHS hazard category that has not been adopted by OSHA (e.g., acute toxicity Category 5).

Hazard Statement – means a statement assigned to a hazard class and category that describes the nature of the hazard(s) of a chemical, including, where appropriate, the degree of hazard.

Hazardous Chemical – means any chemical which is classified as a physical hazard or a health hazard, a simple asphyxiant, combustible dust, pyrophoric gas, or hazard not otherwise classified.

Health Hazard – means a chemical which is classified as posing one of the following hazardous effects: acute toxicity (any route of exposure); skin corrosion or irritation; serious eye damage or eye irritation; respiratory or skin sensitization; germ cell mutagenicity; carcinogenicity; reproductive toxicity; specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure); or aspiration hazard. The criteria for determining whether a chemical is classified as a health hazard are detailed in Appendix A to §1910.1200 – Health Hazard Criteria.

Immediate Use – means that the hazardous chemical will be under the control of and used only by the person who transfers it from a labeled container and only within the work shift in which it is transferred.

Label – An appropriate group of written, printed or graphic informational elements concerning a hazardous chemical that is affixed to, printed on, or attached to the immediate container of a hazardous chemical, or to the outside packaging.

Mixture – means a combination or a solution composed of two or more substances in which they do not react.

Physical Hazard – means a chemical that is classified as posing one of the following hazardous effects: explosive; flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids); oxidizer (liquid, solid or gas); self-reactive; pyrophoric (liquid or solid); self-heating; organic peroxide; corrosive to metal; gas under pressure; or in contact with water emits flammable gas.

Pictogram – means a composition that may include a symbol plus other graphic elements, such as a border, background pattern, or color, that is intended to convey specific information about the hazards of a chemical.

Portable (Secondary) Container – Container that is not provided by the original supplier. Hazardous substances are dispensed into smaller secondary containers for ease of use and transporting.

Primary Container – The supplier's original container.

Precautionary Statement – means a phrase that describes recommended measures that should be taken to minimize or prevent adverse effects resulting from exposure to a hazardous chemical, or improper storage or handling.

Product Identifier – means the name or number used for a hazardous chemical on a label or in the SDS. It provides a unique means by which the user can identify the chemical. The product identifier used must permit cross-references to be made among the list of hazardous chemicals required in the written hazard communication program, the label and the SDS.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) – means written or printed material concerning a hazardous chemical. The Safety Data Sheets are similar to Material Safety Data Sheets but contain information that is in compliance with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) requirements.

Signal word – means a word used to indicate the relative level of severity of hazard and alert the reader to a potential hazard on the label. The signal words used in this section are "danger" and "warning." "Danger" is used for the more severe hazards, while "warning" is used for the less severe.

Substance – means chemical elements and their compounds in the natural state or obtained by any production process, including any additive necessary to preserve the stability of the product and any impurities deriving from the process used, but excluding any solvent which may be separated without affecting the stability of the substance or changing its composition.

Work Area – A room or defined space in a workplace where hazardous substances are produced or used, and where employees are present.

Workplace – means an establishment, job site, or project, at one geographical location containing one or more work areas.

5.0 NEW HAZARD SUBSTANCES – HAZARD DETERMINATION

Before employees work with, or around, any new hazardous substance, the Field Services Supervisor will review the SDS to determine if the substance will present a new or unique hazard to affected employees. If there are new or unique hazards, employees will be informed of any possible hazards, the required personal protective equipment (PPE), correct handling procedures, and other safety precautions. This information will be reviewed with all affected employees within 30 days through tailgate training, or other information sharing methods.

6.0 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE INVENTORY

All hazardous substances that do not qualify as a consumer use product are listed in LWD's hazardous substance inventory list. The hazardous substance inventory list will be updated according to the procedures described in the "SDS Procurement & Tracking Procedures" (Attachment B). The most current hazardous substance inventory list is located inside the SDS Binders.

7.0 SAFETY DATA SHEETS (SDS)

7.0 General Information:

- 7.0.1 Purpose: A Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is a document prepared by the manufacturer or importer of a hazardous substance that describes the physical and chemicals properties of the product. The SDS is designed to provide information on the product's health hazards, reactivity with other chemicals, flammability, spill clean-up procedures, protective equipment requirements, ingredients, and physical characteristics. Although SDS's must be in English, additional copies in other languages may be made available to employees as appropriate.
- 7.0.2 <u>Location</u>: Hard copies of the SDA for hazardous substances which are stored or used by LWD are kept in an SDS Binder. SDS Binders are located at the following two locations:
 - Administration Office Field Services' computer area (1st floor)
 - Building 200

<u>Access</u>: All employees have immediate access to the Safety Data Sheets. If employees do not know where or how to obtain an SDS, or if an SDS is not available for a hazardous substance that they may be exposed to, employees are to refer to the SDS Procurement and Tracking Procedure (Attachment B), or see their immediate supervisor who will provide this information.

7.0.3 Medical emergencies involving hazardous substances: If an employee is exposed to a hazardous substance and needs medical attention, the treating physician will be given a copy of the appropriate SDS. This may be sent with the injured employee, or an electronic or faxed copy of the SDS may be emailed to the treating physician/medical care facility.

7.1 Procurement Procedures

Employees are responsible for reviewing new purchases of hazardous substances to determine if an SDS is needed as outlined in the SDS Procurement & Tracking Procedures (Attachment B).

If an SDS is not available for a new hazardous substance, is incomplete, or is provided by the vendor in a hard copy format, the employee will see their immediate supervisor, and/or follow the procedures outlined in the SDS Procurement & Tracking Procedure (Attachment B).

If an online or other electronic copy is not immediately available, the Manufacturer will be asked to mail or fax a copy within 7 working days. When a new or revised SDS is obtained, it will be filed in accordance with the SDS Procurement and Tracking Procedures. SDS information for new hazardous substances will be reviewed with affected employees within 30 days.

7.2 Archive Procedures

Outdated Safety Data Sheets, or SDS for discontinued products, will be archived for 30 years as outlined in the SDS Procurement and Tracking Procedure (Attachment B).

8.0 LABELS AND OTHER FORMS OF WARNING

8.1 Primary Labeling

- 8.1.1 LWD will ensure that each container of hazardous substances used or stored in the workplace will be properly labeled, tagged, or marked with one of the following labeling systems:
 - 8.1.1.1 Manufacturer's labeling information
 - Manufacturer's Name, Address and Telephone Number
 - Product Identifier (e.g. chemical name, code number or batch number)
 - Signal Word (Danger or Warning)
 - Hazard Statement(s)
 - Precautionary Statement(s)
 - Pictogram
 - 8.1.1.2 Or, with the product <u>identifier</u> and words, pictures, symbols, or a combination which provides at least <u>general information</u> regarding <u>the hazards</u> of the chemicals, and which, in <u>conjunction with the SDS</u>, provides employees with the specific information regarding the physical and health hazards of the hazardous chemical.

Note: Refer to Attachment F and G for information on words, pictures and symbols required on a hazardous substance label.

- 8.1.2 As appropriate, other forms of labeling may be used such as signs, placards, batch tickets, operating procedures, or other written materials as long as the method identifies the container and conveys the information required in 8.1.1.
- 8.1.3 All labels and alternative warning signs will be in English. Another language may be added as long as the information is also presented in English.
- 8.1.4 No product will be released to the work area until it has been properly labeled in accordance with Section 8.0 labeling requirements.

8.1.5 Containers with illegible or missing labels shall either be reported to the manufacturer and a replacement label obtained; or a suitable label or sign that meets the above criteria will be used.

8.2 Secondary Labeling

Hazardous substances that are transferred from a labeled container into a portable (secondary) container require a label unless the following conditions are met:

- 8.2.1 The hazardous substance is in the immediate use of the employee who performs the transfer.
- 8.2.2 Secondary labels will describe the product <u>identifier</u> and words, pictures, symbols, or a combination which provides at least <u>general information</u> regarding <u>the hazards</u> of the chemicals.
- 8.2.3 The SDS will be used for additional information.

8.3 Pipe Labeling and Identification

- 8.3.1 All exposed piping systems used to transport hazardous gases, vapors, liquids, or semiliquids, shall be identified at points where confusion would introduce hazards to employees using one of the methods below:
 - Painting all visible parts of the pipe & using a color code system
 - Color bands at various levels and at each outlet valve or connection & using a color code system.
- 8.3.2 The name (or an abbreviation) of the materials transported shall be lettered or stenciled on the pipe near the valves or outlets. If labeling tags are used, they shall be securely fastened and legible.
- 8.3.3 To safeguard exposed employees during new construction or engineering modifications, the following will be implemented when working on pipes or equipment containing hazardous substances.
 - A pre-hazard review will be performed to review the modifications and the hazards that they pose
 - Operations will be notified before any system is modified or interrupted.
 - All lines, pipes, and equipment will be de-energized, depressurized, drained, purged or otherwise flushed by operations to the extent possible before working on these systems.
 - Temporary or new systems will be identified and labeled in order to sufficiently warn employees and contractors of the hazards.

8.4 Restricted Labeling Activities

- 8.4.1 It is not permitted to pour a chemical into a container that previously contained another chemical or has a label that does not accurately reflect the chemical in that container.
- 8.4.2 No one will remove or intentionally deface existing labels on incoming containers of hazardous substances, unless the container is immediately marked with the required information.

9.0 NON-ROUTINE TASKS

Infrequent or new job assignments pose potential danger for workers because of their intermittent or unfamiliar nature. Examples include: working on, near, or with unlabeled piping; unlabeled containers of an unknown substance; confined space entry where a hazardous substance may be present; and/or a one-time task using a hazardous substance differently than intended.

Leucadia Wastewater District Hazard Communication Program

Revised: February 2025

- 9.1 All employees will be provided with information about hazardous substances, including equipment or processes that involve hazardous substances, before performing non-routine tasks.
- 9.2 Prior to commencing any non-routine work, the Field Services Supervisor will discuss the following with employees:
 - Potentially hazardous chemicals that may be encountered.
 - Safety measures to be followed.
 - Administrative, engineering, or measures that have been taken, or are required, to reduce the hazards. This includes things such as, but not limited to; work rotation, forced ventilation, safety attendants, emergency procedures, respiratory protection, hazardous energy control procedures, or other necessary PPE.
- 9.3 Every reasonable precaution shall be taken to do each job safely.
- 9.4 Affected personnel will perform a hazard review prior to beginning each non-routine hazardous job assignment.

10.0 CONTRACTORS

Host employers are required to provide hazard information to all employees sharing the same work area (i.e. contractor employees) when they are exposed to work site hazardous substances. Likewise, contract employers who use or bring hazardous substances at the work site must provide hazard information to the host employer. In an effort to communicate and coordinate work involving hazardous substances between all parties the following will be followed:

- 10.1 The Contractor will complete the "Contractor Hazardous Substance SDS Request Form" (Attachment E) for all hazardous substances they plan to bring on site, or as requested by LWD.
- 10.2 LWD will provide all contractors with access to Safety Data Sheets for hazardous substances that they may be exposed to. This will be provided at the request of the Contractor.
- 10.3 LWD will inform the Contractor of any precautions and protective measures that their employees should take to avoid exposures.
- 10.4 LWD will inform the Contractor of LWD's emergency response notification and evacuation procedures when working on, or near, hazardous substances.
- 10.5 LWD will request an SDS for any hazardous substance (other than consumer use products) that a contractor brings on site that may directly affect the safety & health of LWD employees, or the general public.
- **10.6** Contractors are responsible for providing all SDS and emergency response information to their respective employees and/or subcontractors.
- 10.7 LWD will inform contractors on the labeling system used in the workplace for hazardous substance containers and will require contractors to implement similar labeling requirements as required in section 8.0.
- 10.8 Contractors will notify the Field Services Superintendent, or designee, of any emergency conditions involving hazardous chemicals. This includes, but is not limited to, hazardous substance spills or release, potential hazardous substance releases, or medical emergencies involving hazardous substances.
- 10.9 LWD will provide contractors with LWD's Chemical site plan diagram. (See attachment H)

11.0 RESPONSIBILITIES

11.1 Employees

- Following the procedures of this program.
- Knowing how to access a Safety Data Sheet.
- Reading and understanding the SDS information, or requesting assistance from their immediate supervisor if the information is not understood. Reviewing the appropriate SDS when working with a new or an unfamiliar chemical or hazardous substance.
- Following personal protective measures stated on the SDS when using or exposed to chemicals.
- Knowing and following correct procedures for using, storing, and labeling hazardous substances in the work area.
- Taking precautions when performing infrequent or new job assignments that involve hazardous substances.
- Communicating hazardous substance exposures to co-workers verbally and through secondary labeling practices.
- Following the SDS Procurement Procedures found in Attachment B

11.2 Contractors

- Notifying LWD supervisors or management of changes in hazardous substances, equipment or processes which introduce new hazards to LWD employees.
- Providing copies of Safety Data Sheets for any hazardous substance that is brought onto LWD properties, when requested.
- Providing all SDS and emergency response information to their respective employees and/or subcontractors.
- Following LWD's hazardous substance storage and labeling requirements.
- Notifying LWD of any emergency conditions involving hazardous chemicals.
- 11.3 General Manager: The General Manager has the overall authority and responsibility for implementing the provisions of this Hazard Communication Program for LWD. Specific responsibilities include, but are not limited to:
 - Ensuring that program requirements are enforced.
 - Ensuring that funding is provided to successfully implement the program requirements.
 - Ensuring the program is updated when/if it becomes necessary.
 - Ensuring that the Hazard Communication Program requirements are implemented.

Leucadia Wastewater District Hazard Communication Program

Revised: February 2025

11.4 Field Services Superintendent: The Field Services Superintendent is responsible for:

- Monitoring the effectiveness of the Hazard Communication program by performing an annual program review and completing the *Program Review and Certification Form* (Attachment A).
- Scheduling initial Hazard Communication training for new employees.
- Scheduling refresher training for all affected employees when a new hazardous substance is introduced into the work place.
- Monitoring Hazard Communication training to ensure its effectiveness.
- Informing contractors how to access an SDS for hazardous substances that they may be working with, or nearby.
- Requesting an SDS from Contractors for any hazardous substance that they bring (or plan to bring) on site.
- Informing contractors of hazardous substance labeling system requirements and ensuring that the contractors implement similar labeling requirements.
- Obtaining Safety Data Sheets for new or existing hazardous substances that do not have a current SDS on file.
- Ensuring that all new hazardous substance's Safety Data Sheets are properly filed in a timely manner.
- Maintaining the Hazardous Substance Inventory List.
- Providing and/or explaining SDS information to employees upon request.
- Providing supplemental safety information and resources as needed.
- Providing labels and/or other forms of warning for portable (secondary) hazardous substance containers.
- Ensuring that new hazardous substance products are not released into the work area until it
 has been determined that the container is properly labeled and that an SDS is available (or
 obtained) for that product.

11.5 Field Services Supervisor: The Field Services Supervisor is responsible for:

- Providing information and/or training employees on <u>how to obtain</u> an SDS for any hazardous substance that they may be exposed to.
- Ensuring that Safety Data Sheets are available and accessible to their respective employees.
- Determining if hazardous substances present a new or unique hazard to their employees, and providing this information to employees within 30 days.
- Monitoring the facility for proper use, storage and labeling of hazardous substances.
- Providing employees with information on any hazardous substances in their respective work areas, the associated safety measures to be taken, and the administrative, engineering or PPE control measures that are to be used.
- Providing employees with the necessary information before employees perform non-routine work assignments.

12.0 EMPLOYEE INFORMATION AND TRAINING

- 12.1 <u>Initial Training</u>: Everyone who works with or is potentially exposed to hazardous chemicals will receive initial training on the Hazard Communication Program and the safe use of hazardous substances as part of LWD's new employee safety orientation. This training includes the following information:
 - An overview of the Hazard Communication Program.
 - Information on any operations in their work area where hazardous substances are present.
 - The location of the written Hazard Communication program and how to access SDSs.

Leucadia Wastewater District Hazard Communication Program

- Revised: February 2025
- How to read and interpret the information contained in a Safety Data Sheet including:
 - o Chemical and physical properties and hazards of hazardous materials
 - Health hazards, including signs and symptoms of exposure associated with exposure to chemicals
 - Emergency and first aid procedures in case of overexposure
 - o Recommended engineering and personal protective equipment controls
- Work procedures to follow to protect themselves from hazards when working with (or near) hazardous substances such as safe work practices, emergency response procedures, and any required PPE.
- Methods and observation techniques used to determine the presence or release of hazardous substances in the workplace
- Employee's rights when working with hazardous materials
- 12.2 <u>Refresher Training</u>: Retraining will be provided when there are changes to hazardous substances use in the workplace, or when a new hazardous substance is introduced into the work place. Refresher training will also be provided as necessary to ensure the continued effectiveness of the program.

13.0 EMPLOYEE RIGHTS:

Employees have the right to know the workplace hazards that they may be exposed to. Specifically, employees will be informed of the following rights as they pertain to hazardous substances in the workplace.

Employees have the right to:

- Personally receive information regarding hazardous substances to which they may be exposed to.
- For their physician or collective bargaining agent to receive information regarding hazardous substances to which they may be exposed to.
- Not be discharged or discriminated against for exercising their rights afforded them pursuant to the provisions of the Hazardous Substances Information and Training Act.
- Be informed of any new or revised Safety Data Sheet within 30 days if the new information indicates significant increased risks to, or measures necessary to protect employee health as compared to those stated on an SDS previously provided.

14.0 RECORD KEEPING

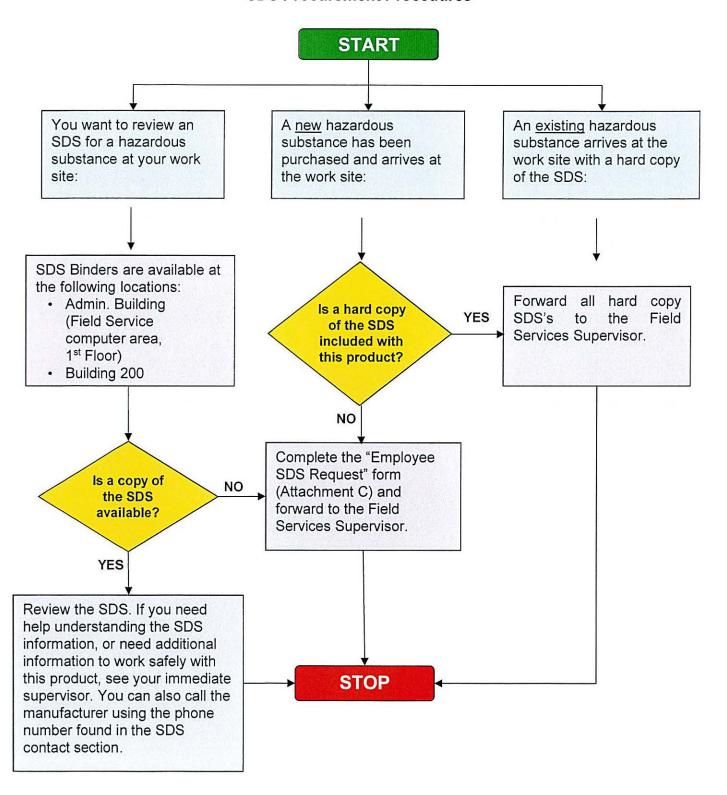
- 14.1 Safety Data Sheets: Archived SDS's will be maintained at LWD for a minimum of 30 years.
- 14.2 Training records shall be maintained by LWD for the length of employment.
- 14.3 Such records shall be provided upon request to current LWD personnel, former employees, and employee representatives.

ATTACHMENT A Program Review and Certification Log

Date	Identify the Hazard Communication Program Sections/Attachments Revised	Initial	
09/01/2017	Update for compliance with GHS requirements		
12/18/2024	Minor grammar and punctuation edits; Update titles; Sec.14.0 – add record keeping items to match recently revised safety programs		
12/18/2024	Replace chemicals map with revised map; update quick card attachments per OSHA revisions.	NTG	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

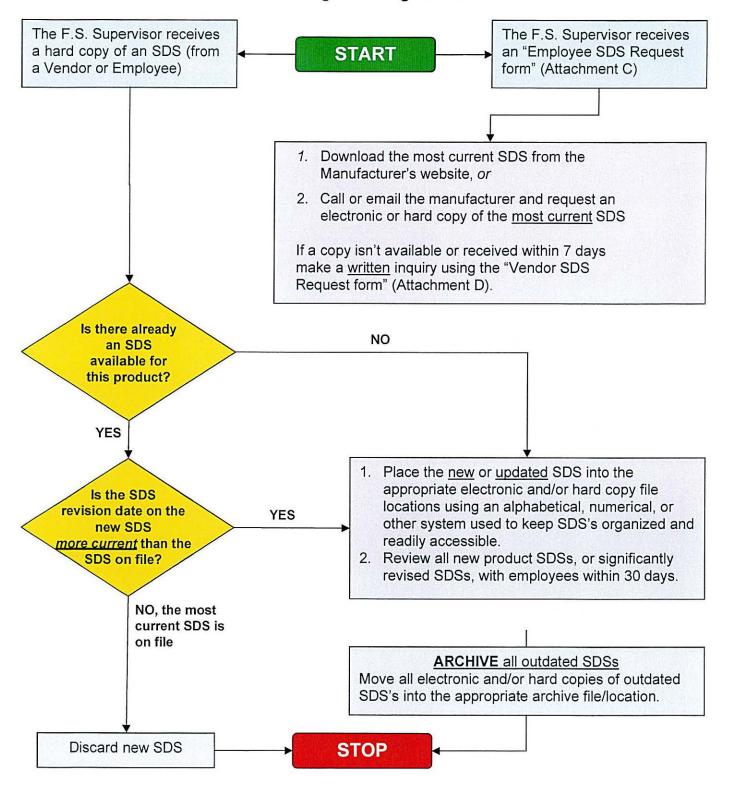
ATTACHMENT B-1

SDS Procurement Procedures



ATTACHMENT B-2

SDS Tracking and Filing Procedures



ATTACHMENT C

Employee SDS Request Form

Instructions:

- 1. <u>Employees</u> complete this form whenever there is an existing or new hazardous substance that does not have/come with an SDS. Refer to Attachment B-1 for SDS procurement procedures.
- 2. Forward the completed form to the Field Service Supervisor so that an SDS can be obtained.

Product Name:									
Product Number (must include):									
Manufacturer Name:									
Manufacturer Address:									
Manufacturer Phone Number:									
Manufacturer Fax Number:									
Date Product Arrived or was purchase://									
Product Purpose:									
Has This Same Product Been Used Here Before?									
Your Name:									
Date form is completed and forwarded to Field Service Supervisor://									
Other information:									

ATTACHMENT D

Revised: February 2025

Vendor SDS Request Form

Internal Instructions:

The Field Service Supervisor will mail, email or fax this form to the chemical manufacturer or distributor who manufactures, sells, or distributes this substance if the Vendor does not respond to an SDS request (by telephone or email) within 7 days.

To:	Vendor Name:					
	Vendor Address:					
	Vendor Phone#:	Fax#:				
From	: Name:	Phone #:				
	Company:	Title:				
	Email address:	Fax #:				
	☐ Email: Date this written request☐ Mail: Date this written request w	was faxed over to the Vendor:				
by Ca produ	alOSHA, section 5194(g)(12) we are act(s) listed below. Please <u>email</u> an e	ring product(s) without a Safety Data Sheet. As required requesting a current copy of the SDS sheets for the lectronic copy of the SDS(s) listed below to my email able, please fax a copy at the fax number noted above.				
Prod	uct Name	Product #:				
Prod	uct Name	Product #:				
Prod	uct Name	Product #:				
Prod	uct Name	Product #:				

ATTACHMENT E Contractor Hazardous Substance SDS Request Form

Agency Instructions:

- 1. The Field Services Superintendent provides the form to Contractors who plan to bring hazardous substances on LWD properties of whose work activities may expose LWD employees to hazardous substances.
- 2. This form to be completed for EACH hazardous substance, or as requested by LWD.
- 3. The Field Services Superintendent reviews for completion and ensures an SDS has been attached and is made available to <u>affected</u> LWD employees before the hazardous substance is opened or used on LWD properties.

Person Submitting Information:	Position	n:		
Company Name:				
Telephone Number:	Email: _	Email:		
Chemical Name:				
Quantity: Drums: # drums Bulk: # tanks Gas: # cylinders Other: Total lbs or gallons	drum vol (gal) tank vol (gal) cylinder vol (ft ³)	Total: Total	gallons gallons ft³	
Chemical to be used and/or stored on Disi	Subcont Other:	ii		
What will chemical be used for?			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Approximately how long will chemical be ι	ised/stored at the LWD properti	es?		
Type of Hazard Rating System: 🔲 NFPA	☐ HMIS Rating			
Rating Value (number): Health	Flammability _	Reactivity	Other/PPE	
Where will chemical be stored?				
Will chemical be stored using secondary o	ontainment?			
Contractor Instructions: 1. Make a copy of this form and co will be stored or used on LWD p 2. Attach the respective SDS(s) to	roperties, or as requested by L\	ach chemical/hazardou WD.	us substance that	
I understand that it is the responsibility of the C that are brought onto LWD properties by the C	Contractor to remove and properly contractor, or their Sub-Contractors.	dispose any hazardous su	bstances	
_	Signature			

ATTACHMENT F **Hazard Communication Standard Pictogram**



Hazard Communication Standard Pictogram

The Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) requires pictograms on labels to caution users of the chemical hazards that they may be exposed to. A pictogram consists of a symbol on a white background framed within a red border and represents a distinct hazard(s). The pictogram on the label is determined by the chemical hazard classification. Each pictogram may only appear once on a label. If multiple hazards require the use of the same pictogram, it may not appear a second time on the label.

HCS Pictograms and Hazards

Exclamation Mark

Classified (non-mandatory)

Exploding Bomb

(non-mandatory)

Explosives

Self-Reactives

Organic Peroxides

Skull and Crossbones

Acute Toxicity

(fatal or toxic)

Health Hazard Flame Carcinogen Flammables Irritant (skin and eye) Skin Sensitizer Mutagenicity Pyrophorics Acute Toxicity (harmful) Reproductive Toxicity · Self-Heating Narcotic Effects Respiratory Sensitizer • Emits Flammable Gas · Respiratory Tract Irritant Target Organ Toxicity Self-Reactives Hazard Not Otherwise Aspiration Toxicity Organic Peroxides Desensitized Explosives Hazardous to Ozone Layer Gas Cylinder Corrosion Gases Under Pressure Skin Corrosion/Burns Chemicals Under • Eye Damage Pressure Corrosive to Metals Flame Over Environment Circle



Oxidizers



OSHA 3491-08R 2024

Aquatic Toxicity

ATTACHMENT G Hazard Communication Standard Labels

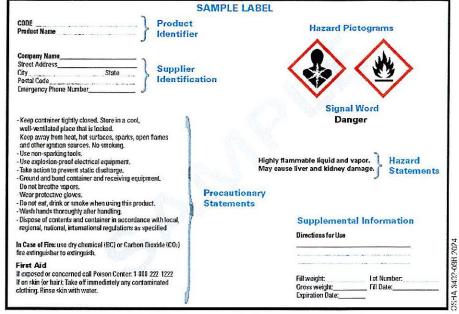


Hazard Communication Standard Labels

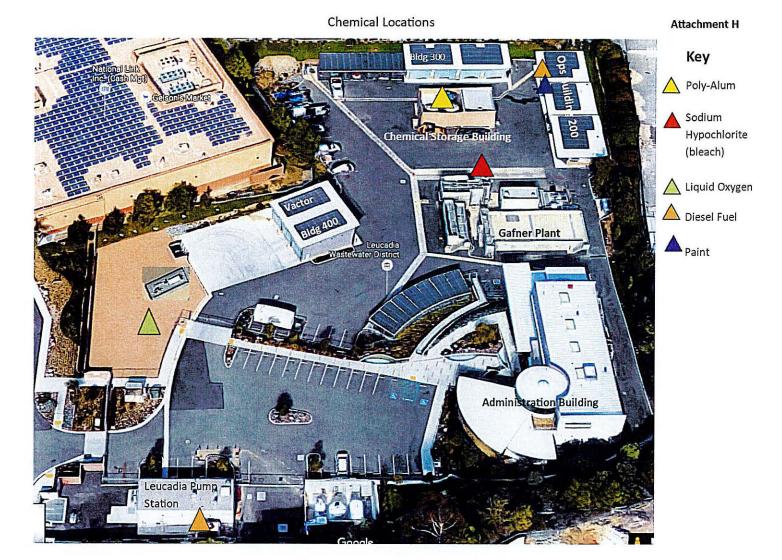
All hazardous chemical labels are required to have pictograms, a signal word, hazard and precautionary statements, the product identifier, and supplier identification with a U.S. address and telephone number. A sample label, identifying the required label elements, is shown on the right.

Supplemental information can also be provided on the label as needed.





ATTACHMENT H Chemical Locations Map

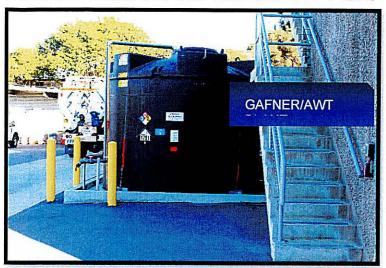


ATTACHMENT H (continued) **Chemical Locations**

Sodium Hypochlorite/Bleach Tank



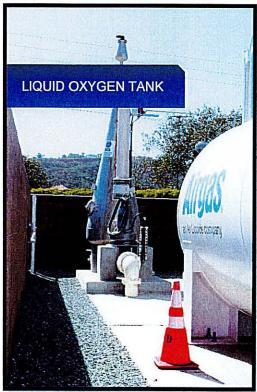
Location: Behind the Gafner/AWT Plant



Liquid Oxygen Tank 🛆



Location: Next to the Leucadia Pump Station, behind a locked gate.



ATTACHMENT H (continued) **Chemical Locations**

Poly-alum (Clarifloc) Tank /



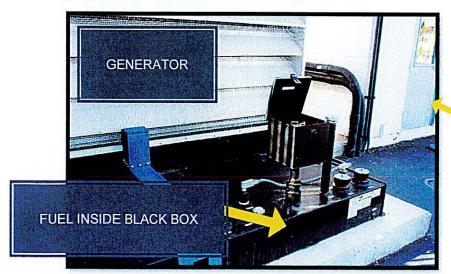
Location: The tank is located behind an access restricted closed wall on the chemical building. You need the building's access key to enter.



Diesel Fuel Storage Tank A



Location: The diesel fuel storage tank is located behind the Leucadia Pump Station underneath the generator.



DOOR TO LEUCADIA PS

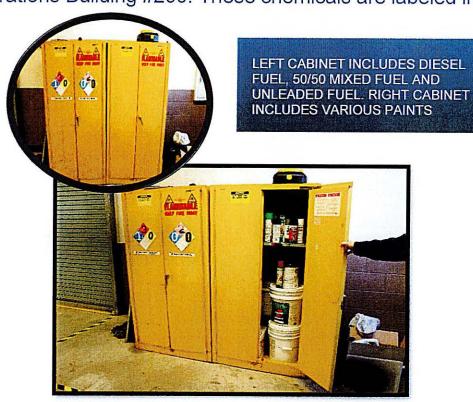
Revised: February 2025

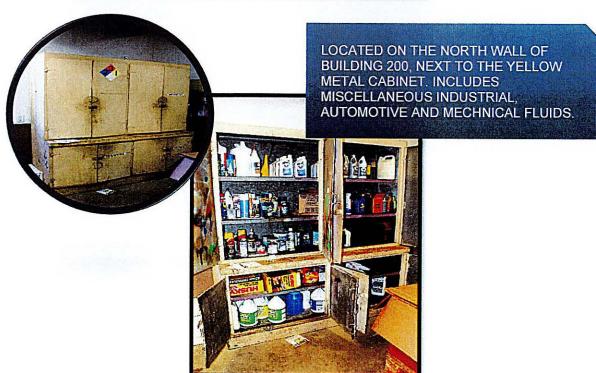
ATTACHMENT H (continued) Chemical Locations

Diesel Fuel, Paint, and Oil (limited amounts)



Location: Minimal diesel fuel, paint, and oil are located inside the Operations Building #200. These chemicals are labeled inside of this locker





ATTACHMENT H (continued) Chemical Locations

Cleaning Products

Location: Various cleaning products are located inside the Administration Building in the janitorial closet. These products are labeled.

